

September 25-27 2019 Madrid, Spain

# **FAIR and Real world**

# Requirements for being FAIR

Daniele Bailo, EPOS IT Officer





# What are the <u>requirements</u> to comply with FAIR principles?





# What are the <u>requirements</u> to comply with FAIR principles?

What work needs to be done for a datacenter/RI to be FAIR?



1



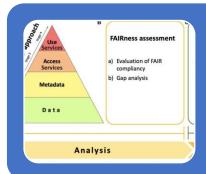
# The Accessible Interoperable Reu FAIR analysis EAIR analysis

2



Reated IT concepts

3



Implementation process





# FAIR analysis





#### To be Findable:

- F1. (meta)data are assigned a globally unique and persistent identifier
- F2. data are described with rich metadata (defined by R1 below)
- F3. metadata clearly and explicitly include the identifier of the data it describes
- F4. (meta)data are registered or indexed in a searchable resource

#### To be Accessible:

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- A1.1 the protocol is open, free, and universally implementable
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- A2. metadata are accessible, even when the data are no longer available

### To be Interoperable:

- (meta)data use a formal, accessible, shared, and broadly applicable language for knowledge representation.
- (meta)data use vocabularies that follow FAIR principles
- 13. (meta)data include qualified references to other (meta)data

- R1. meta(data) are richly described with a plurality of accurate and relevant attributes
- R1.1. (meta)data are released with a clear and accessible data usage license
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policy &

provenance

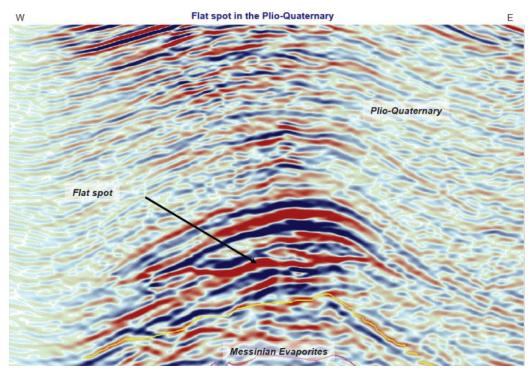


2



# Reated IT concepts





Courtesy of <u>Joshua Doubek</u>

## **Data**

Our greatest wealth

### **Function**

Describe (physical) phenomena

### Issues

- Format & serialization
- Harmonization & standards
- Proliferation standards
- Data storage



# **CREATING** DATA RE-USING **PROCESSING** DATA DATA **GIVING ACCESS ANALYSING** TO DATA DATA **PRESERVING**

[UK data Archive http://www.data-archive.ac.uk/]

# **Data Lifecycle**

### What?

Identifies mechanisms, standard, components and interfaces making data science efficient and cost effective

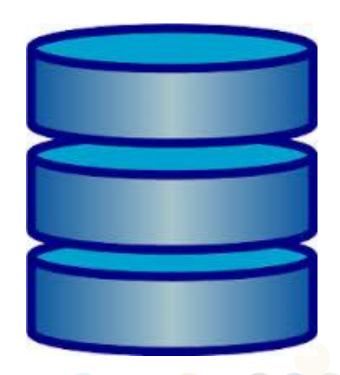
# Data Management Plan

- Data management
- Data analysis
- Data preservation
- Data publication
- Data sharing









## How to store data?

# **Trusted data repository**

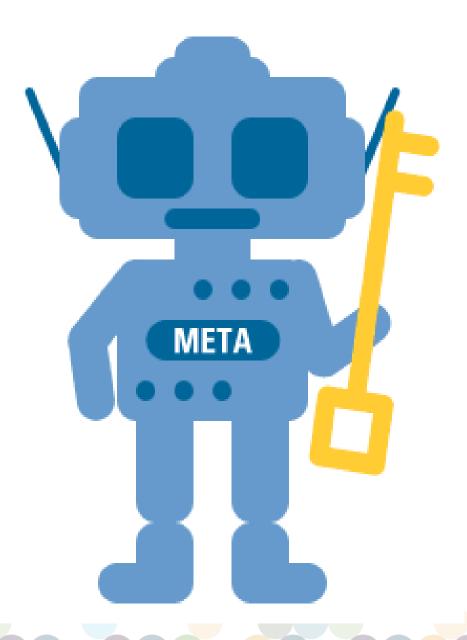
## **Certifications ensure**

- Storage
- Preservation
- Sustainability
- Access
- Integrity
- Documentation availability
- Couple with PIDs
- ...

### Question

Should we certify our repos?... DEPENDS





## Metadata

Data about Data (really?)

### **Purposes**

- 1. Discovery (humans & machines)
- 2. Contextualization
- 3. Use it for processing or other advanced tasks

Usually attached to D.O.

# Issues (selection of)

- Data or metadata?
- Many standards
- Catalogue
- Onto<mark>logies</mark>





# (Metadata) standards in speficic scientific domain ...a real story...



# (Metadata) standards in speficic scientific domain ...a real story...

SITUATION: THERE ARE 14 COMPETING STANDARDS.

14?! RIDICULOUS! WE NEED TO DEVELOP ONE UNIVERSAL STANDARD THAT COVERS EVERYONE'S USE CASES. Yeah!

500N:

SITUATION: THERE ARE 15 COMPETING STANDARDS.













# Metadata

# What is the best standard? DEPENDS ON THE REQUIREMENTS

## Fair principles require for

- Rich metadata standard
- Usage of formal, accessible, shared, and broadly applicable language for knowledge representation.

Serialization and format: two different things (almost)









http://dx.doi.org/doi:10.30/tql
http://hdl.handle.net/hdl:13030/tql
http://purl.org/tql
... urn:13030:tql
http://n2t.net/ark:/13030/tql
http://OwlBike.example.org/ark:/13030/tql

# How to register/cite data or publications?

# **PID** system

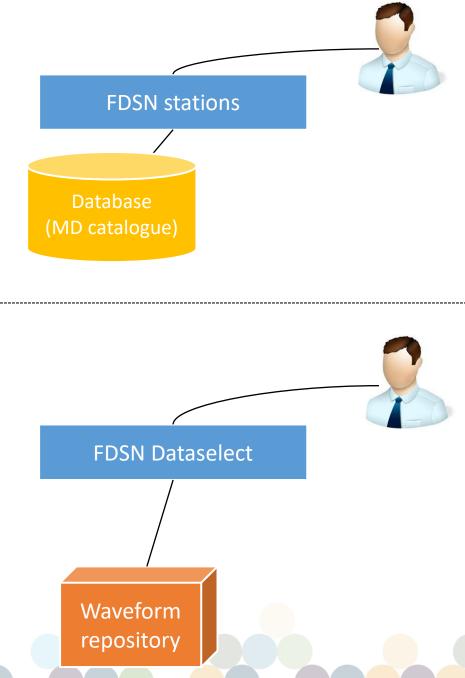
### **Purpose**

- DO / publication can be uniquely referenced
- Assign a PID at data creation times

### Issues

- Need for a simple mechanism to implement it
- Data and publications





# Protocols web service

### What is it?

It does something for the user (deliver value to customer)\*

# A "thin layer"

We usually don't know what's under the hood

# **Examples**

- FDSN stations
- FDSN dout the programme United Brown United States and the Commission is not responsible for any use that may be made of the information it cont





System 1
GUI Client

### Web API (FDSN)

Software

Database MD catalogue Datasets

System 2 (Black Box model)

# Protocols Interoperability

## What & Why

Enables 2 system to

- 1. Exchange information
- 2. Understand information

# Usually achieved through:

- Agreed language (protocols)
- Software "translators" → interfaces → thin layers → webapis

















## How to access data?

# AAI system (federeated & distributed)

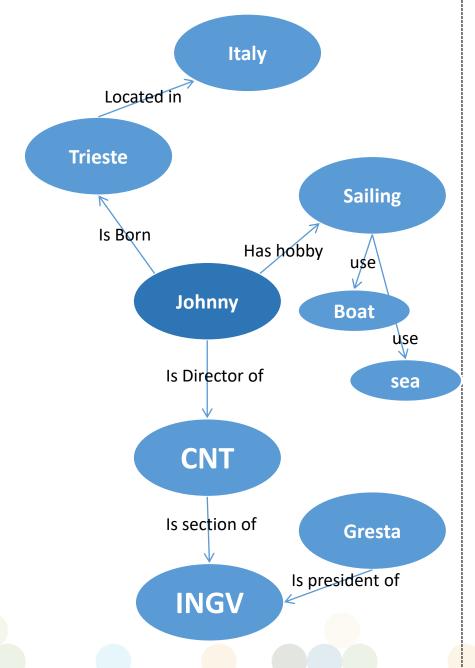
## **Purpose**

- Authenticate users
- Authorize users

### Issues

- Identity Provider
- Federation
- Authorization
- Unity integrates AAI





# Ontologies & semantics

# Why an ontology?

It is the way machines manage "meaning"

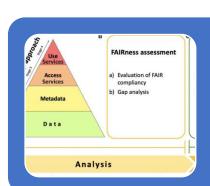
### How does it work?

- 1. Connects concepts
- 2. Needs vocabulary

### Issues

- Many ontologies exist
- Vocabulary Mapping





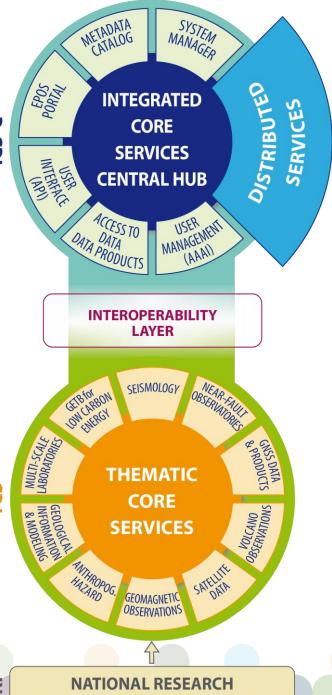
Implementation process



Data & Service integration → volume →

Interoperability  $\rightarrow$ 

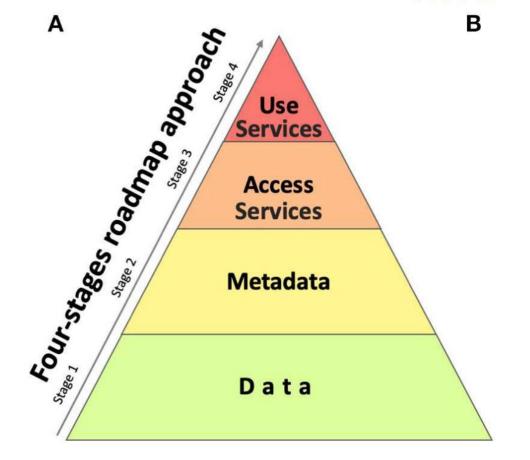
Communities >



ICS-d

# **EPOS CONTEXT**

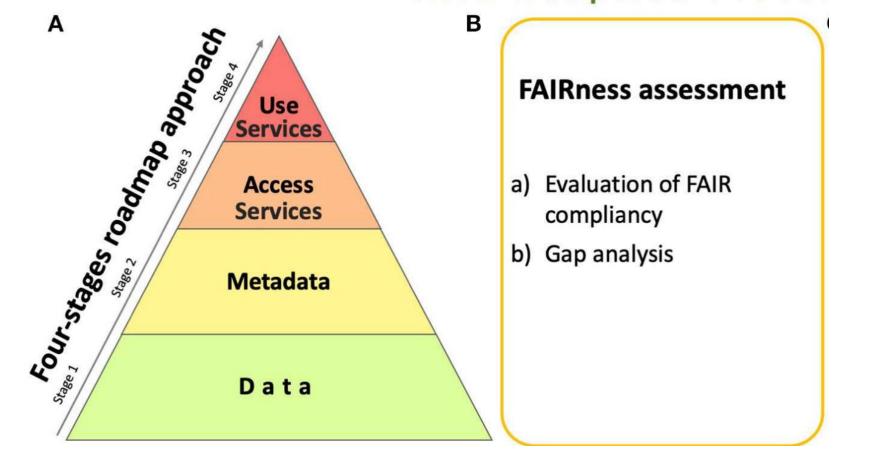


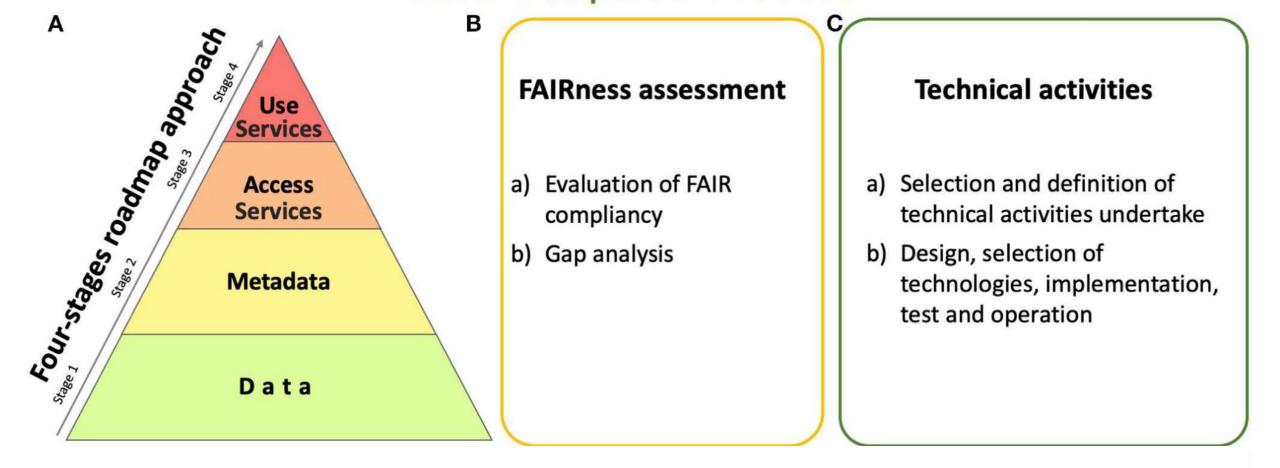


# Process to achieve fairness

Bailo, D., Paciello, R., Sbarra, M., Rabissoni, R., Vinciarelli, V., & Cocco, M. (2020).

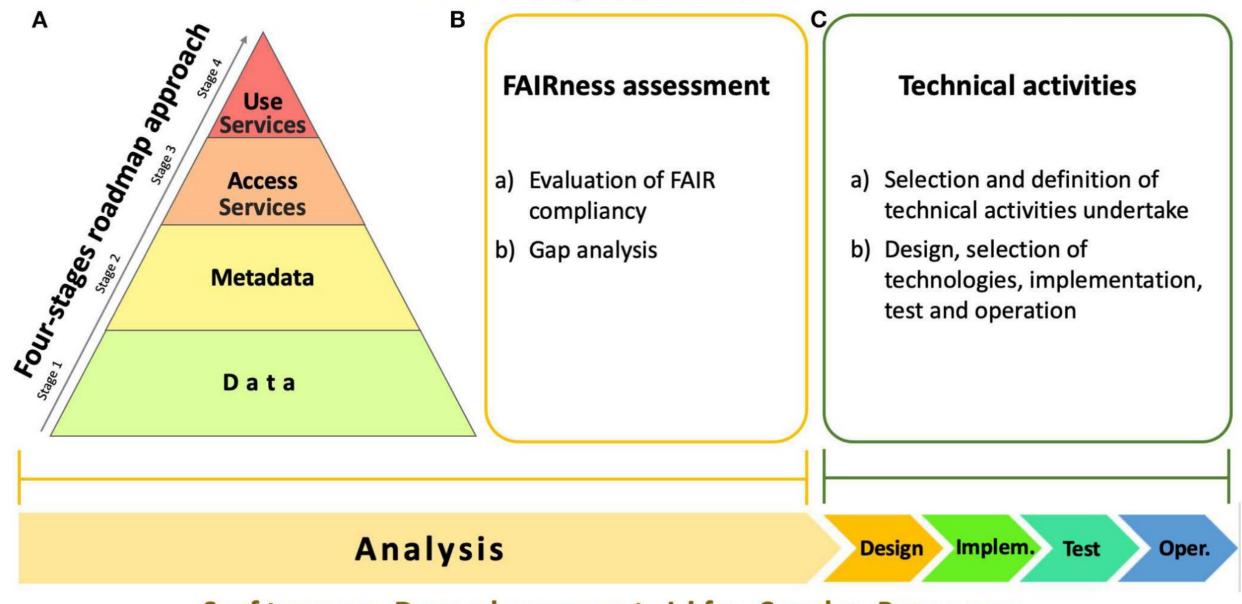
Perspectives on the Implementation of FAIR Principles in Solid Earth Research Infrastructures. Frontiers in Earth Science, 8, 3.





Bailo, D., Paciello, R., Sbarra, M., Rabissoni, R., Vinciarelli, V., & Cocco, M. (2020).

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## Software Development Life Cycle Process

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https://doi.org/10.3389/feart.2020.0003

## Compliant with A1, I3

# EPOS Fair implementation examples (1)

## Three layer metadata model

enerate Discovery (DC) and (CKAN, eGMS) Contextual (CERIF metadata model) Detailed (community specific)

- 1. Map & match only contextualization metadata
- 2. Pointers to detailed metadata
- 3. Export metadata in any standard

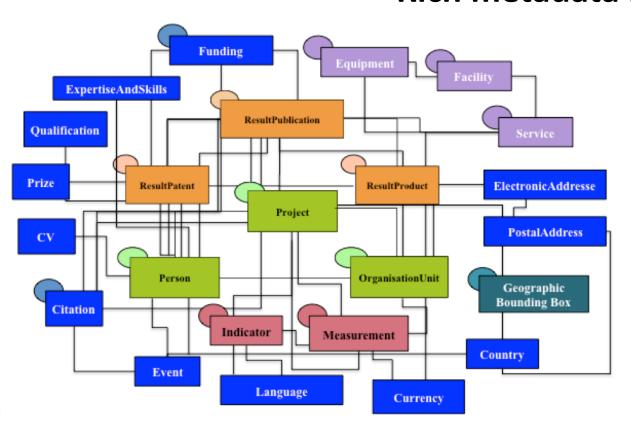
[Keith Jeffery]



## Compliant with F2, F3, F4, R1.3

# EPOS Fair implementation examples (2)

### Rich metadata model

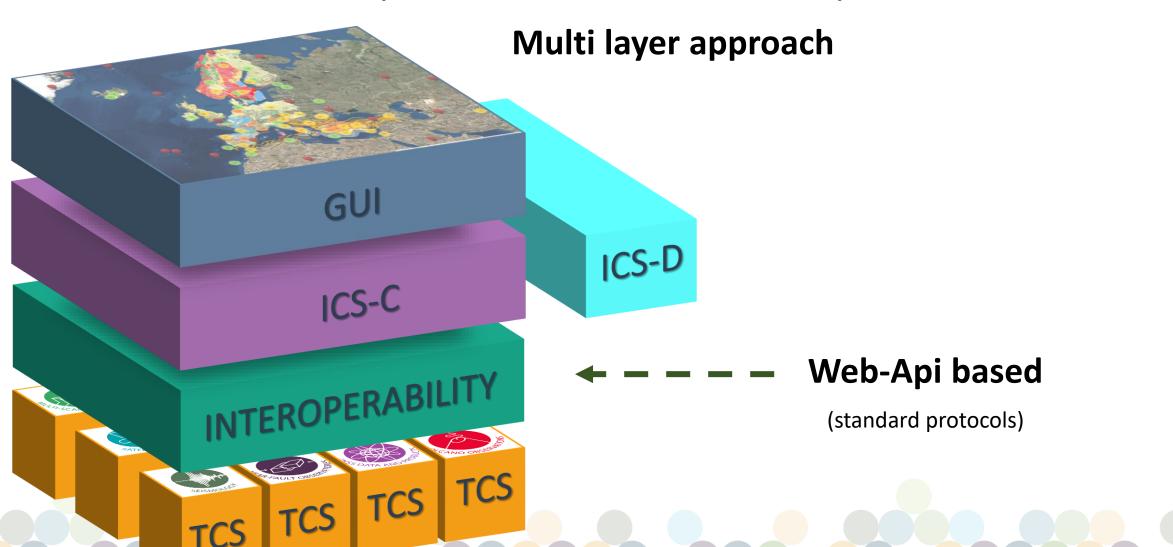


- Supports several concepts
- Superset of many metadata standards
- Referencial integrity
- Formal syntax, declared semantics

EUROPEAN PLATE OBSERVING SYSTEM

## **Compliant with A1.1**

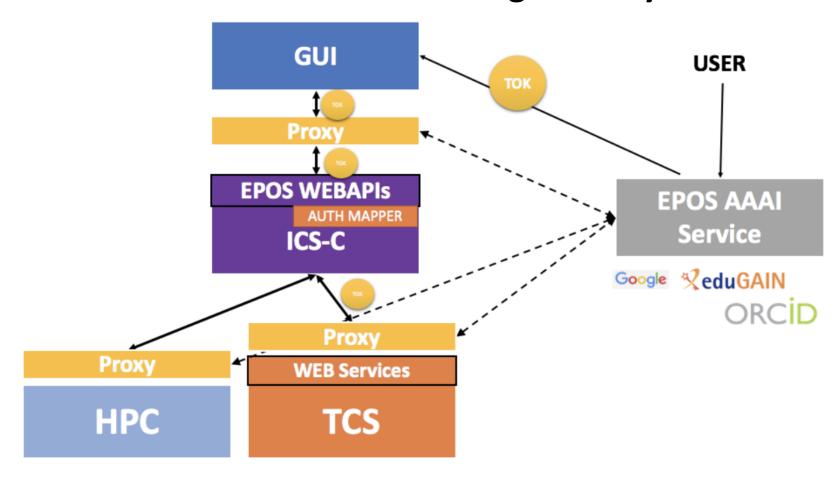
# EPOS Fair implementation examples (3)





# EPOS Fair implementation examples (4)

### **AAI** integration system





# EPOS Fair implementation examples (5)

Full list of implementation activities and FAIR compliancy

#### **PERSPECTIVE ARTICLE**

Front. Earth Sci., 31 January 2020 | https://doi.org/10.3389/feart.2020.00003



# Perspectives on the Implementation of FAIR Principles in Solid Earth Research Infrastructures



[https://www.frontiersin.org/articles/10.3389/feart.2020.00003/full]



### WebSite



www.epos-ip.org

### Newsletter



www.epos-ip.org/news-press/ epos-ip-newsletter

### **Social Media**





















# A pragmatic approach

- data harmonization
- metadata
- PID
- AAAI systems
- Web-services é communication protocols

